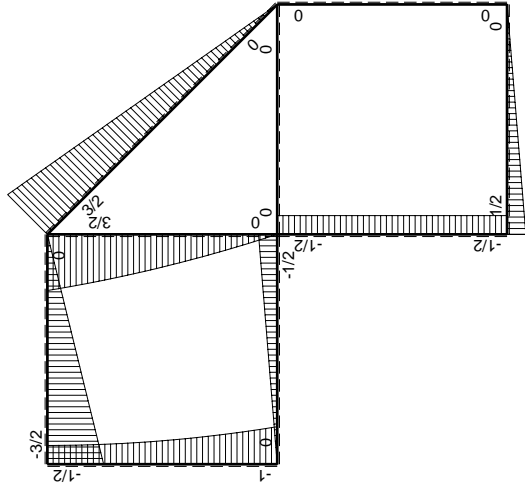
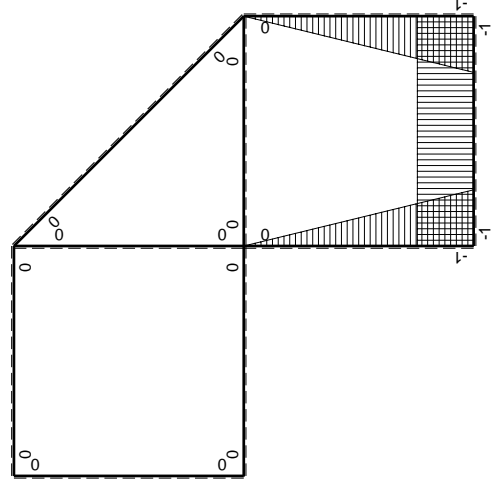


Schema di calcolo iperstatico



M_0 flessione da carichi assegnati



M_x flessione da iperstatica $X=1$

Quadro contributi PLV per iperstatica $X=H_{BE}$

\rightarrow	$M_x(x)$	$M_0(x)$	$M_x M_0$	$M_x M_x$	$\int M_x M_0 / EJ dx$	$\int X M_x M_x / EJ dx$
AB b	0	-1/2Fx	0	0	0	0
BA b	0	1/2Fb-1/2Fx	0	0	0	0
BC b	-x	-1/2Fb	1/2Fbx	x^2	1/4Fb ³ /EJ	1/3Xb ³ /EJ
CB b	b-x	1/2Fb	1/2Fb ² -1/2Fbx	$b^2-2bx+x^2$	1/4Fb ³ /EJ	1/3Xb ³ /EJ
CD b	-b	1/2Fb-1/2Fx	-1/2Fb ² +1/2Fbx	b^2	-1/4Fb ³ /EJ	Xb ³ /EJ
DC b	b	-1/2Fx	-1/2Fbx	b^2	-1/4Fb ³ /EJ	Xb ³ /EJ
DE b	-b+x	0	0	$b^2-2bx+x^2$	0	1/3Xb ³ /EJ
ED b	x	0	0	x^2	0	0
EF $\sqrt{2}b$	0	$3\sqrt{2}/4Fx$	0	0	0	0
FG b	0	-3/2Fx	0	0	0	0
GF b	0	3/2Fb-3/2Fx	0	0	0	0
GA b	0	-1/2Fb-1/2qx ²	0	0	0	0
AG b	0	Fb-Fx+1/2qx ²	0	0	0	0
FB b	0	3/2Fb-Fx-1/2qx ²	0	0	0	0
BF b	0	-2Fx+1/2qx ²	0	0	0	0
BE b	0	0	0	0	0	0
EB b	0	0	0	0	0	0
BE	elongazione asta $N_{1, BE} \epsilon_{BE} L_{BE}$				Fb ³ /EJ	
	totali				Fb ³ /EJ	5/3Xb ³ /EJ
	iperstatica $X=H_{BE}$				-3/5F	

Sviluppi di calcolo iperstatica

$$L_{BC}^{xx} = \int_0^b (x^2/b^2) b^2 1/EJ dx = [1/3 x^3/b^2]_0^b b^2 1/EJ$$

$$= (1/3 b) b^2 1/EJ = 1/3 b^3/EJ$$

$$L_{CB}^{xx} = \int_0^b (1 - 2x/b + x^2/b^2) b^2 1/EJ dx = [x - x^2/b + 1/3 x^3/b^2]_0^b b^2 1/EJ$$

$$= (b - b + 1/3 b) b^2 1/EJ = 1/3 b^3/EJ$$

$$L_{CD}^{xx} = \int_0^b (1) b^2 1/EJ dx = [x]_0^b b^2 1/EJ$$

$$= (b) b^2 1/EJ = b^3/EJ$$

$$L_{DC}^{xx} = \int_0^b (1) b^2 1/EJ dx = [x]_0^b b^2 1/EJ$$

$$= (b) b^2 1/EJ = b^3/EJ$$

$$L_{DE}^{xx} = \int_0^b (1 - 2x/b + x^2/b^2) b^2 1/EJ dx = [x - x^2/b + 1/3 x^3/b^2]_0^b b^2 1/EJ$$

$$= (b - b + 1/3 b) b^2 1/EJ = 1/3 b^3/EJ$$

$$L_{ED}^{xx} = \int_0^b (x^2/b^2) b^2 1/EJ dx = [1/3 x^3/b^2]_0^b b^2 1/EJ$$

$$= (1/3 b) b^2 1/EJ = 1/3 b^3/EJ$$

$$L_{BC}^{xo} = \int_0^b (1/2 x/b) Fb^2 1/EJ dx = [1/4 x^2/b]_0^b Fb^2 1/EJ$$

$$= (1/4 b) Fb^2 1/EJ = 1/4 Fb^3/EJ$$

$$L_{CB}^{xo} = \int_0^b (1/2 - 1/2 x/b) Fb^2 1/EJ dx = [1/2 x - 1/4 x^2/b]_0^b Fb^2 1/EJ$$

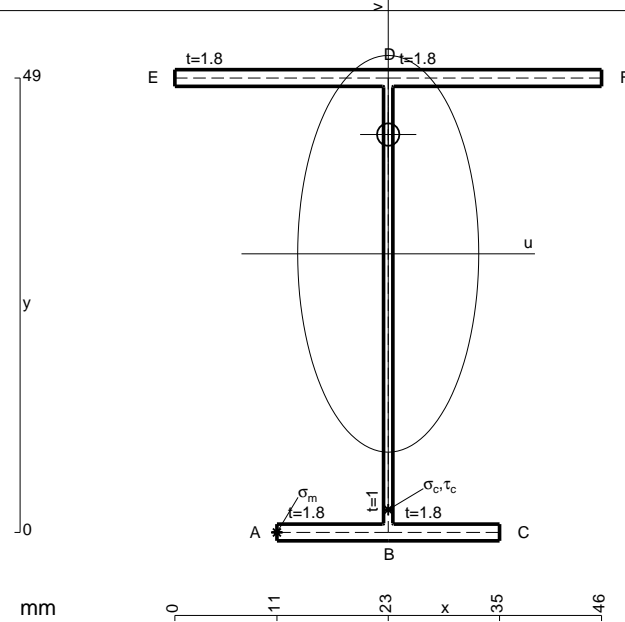
$$= (1/2 b - 1/4 b) Fb^2 1/EJ = 1/4 Fb^3/EJ$$

$$L_{CD}^{xo} = \int_0^b (-1/2 + 1/2 x/b) Fb^2 1/EJ dx = [-1/2 x + 1/4 x^2/b]_0^b Fb^2 1/EJ$$

$$= (-1/2 b + 1/4 b) Fb^2 1/EJ = -1/4 Fb^3/EJ$$

$$L_{DC}^{xo} = \int_0^b (-1/2 x/b) Fb^2 1/EJ dx = [-1/4 x^2/b]_0^b Fb^2 1/EJ$$

$$= (-1/4 b) Fb^2 1/EJ = -1/4 Fb^3/EJ$$



- A = 175. mm²
- J_u = 80057. mm⁴
- J_v = 16674. mm⁴
- J_i = 152.4 mm⁴
- y_o = 12.86 mm
- y_g = 30.04 mm
- T_y = -765. N
- M_x = -558450. Nmm
- x_m = 11. mm
- u_m = -12. mm
- v_m = -30.04 mm
- σ_m = -Mv/J_u = -209.6 N/mm²
- x_c = 23. mm
- v_c = -30.04 mm
- σ_c = -Mv/J_u = -209.6 N/mm²
- τ_c = TS_v/tJ_u = 12.4 N/mm²
- τ_g = TS_v/tJ_u = 12.4 N/mm²
- t_c = 510. mm
- σ_o = √σ²+3τ² = 210.7 N/mm²

